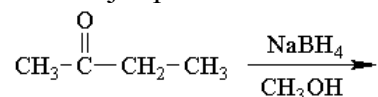


- Freons are mixed -----.
A) Chlorofluorocarbons B) Bromochlorocarbons
C) Bromofluorocarbons D) Chloriodocarbons
- does not exist.
A) ClF_3 B) BrF_3
C) IF_3 D) ICl_3
- is used as an anesthetic.
A) N_2O B) N_2O_3
C) N_2O_4 D) N_2O_5
- Carborundum is ----- carbide.
A) boron B) silicon
C) calcium D) zirconium
- is diamagnetic.
A) O_2 B) O_2^+ C) O_2^{++} D) O_2^-
- The actinium series is ----- series.
A) $4n$ B) $(4n+1)$ C) $(4n+2)$ D) $(4n+3)$
- How many **d** electrons are present in Cr of potassium dichromate?
A) 0 B) 5 C) 6 D) 7
- Zr^{4+} and ----- occur together in nature.
A) Ti^{4+} B) Hf^{4+} C) Sn^{4+} D) Pb^{4+}
- is the most stable oxidation state of U.
A) +3 B) +4 C) +5 D) +6
- complexes are used as NMR shift reagents.
A) La^{3+} B) Gd^{3+} C) Lu^{3+} D) Ac^{3+}
- are least prone to complex formation among the following.
A) Lanthanides B) Actinides
C) 3d transition metals D) 4d transition metals
- has the maximum value of magnetic moment at room temperature.
A) Eu^{3+} B) Gd^{3+} C) Tb^{3+} D) Dy^{3+}
- AgCl is soluble in ammonia due to the formation of-----.
A) $[\text{Ag}(\text{NH}_3)_2]^{2+}$ B) $[\text{Ag}(\text{NH}_3)_2]^+$
C) $[\text{Ag}(\text{NH}_3)_4]^{2+}$ D) $[\text{Ag}(\text{NH}_3)_4]^+$

27. The Wacker process is used for the synthesis of -----.
- | | |
|-----------------|-------------|
| A) Ethylene | B) Acetone |
| C) Acetaldehyde | D) Methanol |
28. Zeigler Natta catalyst is used for the -----.
- | | |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| A) Oxo process | B) Monsanto acetic acid process |
| C) Polymerization of alkenes | D) Water-gas shift reaction |
29. Zone refining is not used for the purification of -----.
- | | | | |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| A) Ga | B) Si | C) Ge | D) Sn |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|
30. Both Frenkel and Schottky defects are found in the crystal of -----.
- | | | | |
|---------|---------|---------|--------|
| A) NaCl | B) AgCl | C) AgBr | D) FeS |
|---------|---------|---------|--------|
31. How many Cl^- ions surround each Cs^+ ion in CsCl lattice?
- | | | | |
|------|------|------|------|
| A) 3 | B) 4 | C) 6 | D) 8 |
|------|------|------|------|
32. Ti is not present in -----.
- | | | | |
|-----------|------------|-------------|-------------|
| A) Rutile | B) Anatase | C) Monazite | D) Ilmenite |
|-----------|------------|-------------|-------------|
33. Solids containing F-centres are -----.
- | | | | |
|--------|---------|----------|----------|
| A) Dia | B) Para | C) Ferro | D) Ferri |
|--------|---------|----------|----------|
34. An n-type semiconductor is obtained by doping Ge with -----.
- | | | | |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| A) Ga | B) In | C) As | D) Si |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|
35. ----- is the pyroelectric material.
- | | | | |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| A) MnO | B) FeO | C) NiO | D) ZnO |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|
36. How many significant figures are there in the number 9.50×10^3 .
- | | | | |
|------|------|------|------|
| A) 2 | B) 3 | C) 5 | D) 6 |
|------|------|------|------|
37. Random error is -----.
- | |
|--|
| A) Always zero |
| B) Always positive |
| C) Always negative |
| D) Sometimes positive and sometimes negative |
38. The pH at the equivalence point for the titration of a strong acid with a weak base is -----.
- | | |
|----------|------------------|
| A) 7 | B) > 7 |
| C) < 7 | D) None of above |
39. KMnO_4 serves as its own indicator of redox titrations in ----- solution.
- | | |
|-------------|------------------------------|
| A) acidic | B) neutral |
| C) alkaline | D) both neutral and alkaline |

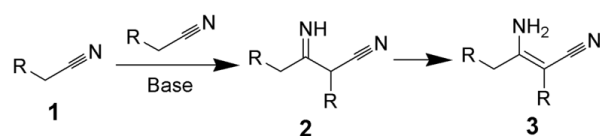
40. The precipitating agent dimethylglyoxime is not used for the gravimetric estimation of -----.
- A) Ca^{2+} B) Ni^{2+} C) Pd^{2+} D) Pt^{2+}
41. Which among the following compound is most aromatic?
- A) Pyrrole B) Pyridine
C) Pyrimidine D) Thiophene
42. The hybridization state of the triple bonded carbons in benzyne is -----.
- A) sp^3 B) sp C) sp^2 D) nil
43. Which of the following carbocations is least stable?
- A) Phenyl B) Benzyl
C) Ethyl D) Isopropyl
44. Which among the following will undergo Cannizzaro reaction?
- A) Acetaldehyde B) Phenylacetaldehyde
C) Formaldehyde D) Acetone
45. Ethyl magnesium bromide on treatment with CO_2 followed by hydrolysis gives---
- A) Ethyl alcohol B) Propyl alcohol
C) Isopropyl alcohol D) Propionic acid
46. The electrophile involved in Riemer–Tiemann reaction is -----.
- A) ^+CHO B) CH_2O^+
C) $:\text{CCl}_2$ D) $^+\text{CHCl}_2$
47. In the following compound the absolute configuration of C_2 and C_3 are -----.
- $$\begin{array}{c} \text{COOH} \\ | \\ \text{}^1\text{HN} - \text{}^2\text{C} - \text{H} \\ | \\ \text{H} - \text{}^3\text{C} - \text{OH} \\ | \\ \text{CH}_3 \end{array}$$
- A) 2S,3R B) 2R,3S C) 2S,3S D) 2R,3R
48. Which of the following isomers is optically inactive?
- A) Cis-1,3-dimethylcyclohexane
B) Trans-1,3-dimethylcyclohexane
C) Cis-1,4-dimethylcyclohexane
D) Trans-1,4-dimethylcyclohexane

49. What is the major product of the following reaction?



- A) S-2-Butanol
B) R-2-Butanol
C) Racemic mixture
D) 2-hydroxy-2-methoxybutane
50. The photochemical [2+2] cycloaddition of a carbonyl with an olefin to give an oxetane is called ----- reaction.
A) Barton
B) Norrish type I
C) Norrish type II
D) Paterno-Buchi
51. The photochemical conversion of 1,4-pentadiene to vinyl cyclopropane is called --rearrangement.
A) Di-pi-methane
B) Fries
C) Claisen
D) Wagner-Merwein
52. The Diels-Alder reaction is -----.
A) Stereospecific, regiospecific and endoselective
B) Stereoselective, oregiospecific and endoselective
C) Stereospecific, regioselective and exoselective
D) Stereospecific, regioselective and endoselective
53. The Cope rearrangement is an example of sigmatropic reaction with the order-----.
A) (1,3) B) (1,5) C) (3,3) D) (3,5)
54. The number of prochiral centers in 1,3-dibromopropane is -----.
A) 0 B) 1 C) 2 D) 3
55. Which of the following transition is most intense in carbonyl compounds?
A) $\sigma \rightarrow \sigma^*$ B) $\pi \rightarrow \pi^*$ C) $n \rightarrow \sigma^*$ D) $n \rightarrow \pi^*$
56. The number signals observed in the ^1H NMR spectrum of ethyl acetate is -----.
A) 1 B) 2 C) 3 D) 4
57. Cellulose is a polymer of -----.
A) α -D-glucose B) β -D-glucose
C) β -D-galactose D) β -D-gulose
58. In DNA the nucleoside units are linked together by ----- bond.
A) amide B) phosphodiester
C) glycosidic D) disulfide

59. Which among the following compounds will not undergo cleavage with periodic acid?
- A) Glycerol
B) Glucose
C) Glycolic acid
D) Glyceraldehyde.
60. Which among the following is a purine base?
- A) Thymine
B) Cytosine
C) Guanine
D) Uracil
61. Condensation of a diester in the presence of a base to give a cyclic β -ketoester is known as ----- condensation.
- A) Aldol
B) Perkin
C) Claisen
D) Dieckmann
62. The following reaction is an example of ----condensation reaction.



- A) Perkin
B) Acyloin
C) Benzoin
D) Thorpe
63. The multi-component condensation of a nonenolizable aldehyde, a primary or secondary amine and an enolizable carbonyl compound to afford β -dialkylaminocarbonyl compound is called ----- reaction.
- A) Reformatsky
B) MPV
C) Mannich
D) Stork enamine
64. During the structure elucidation of alkaloids the number of methoxyl groups present is estimated by ----- method.
- A) Kuhn-Roth
B) Hofmann
C) Herzig-Meyer
D) Zeisel
65. Quinine belongs to ----- class of alkaloids.
- A) pyridine
B) tropane
C) isoquinoline
D) quinoline
66. Cholesterol is a ----- lipid.
- A) simple
B) compound
C) derived
D) glyco
67. Camphor is obtained from isoborneol by -----.
- A) Oxidation
B) Reduction
C) Hydrolysis
D) Dehydration

68. Biotin is -----.
- | | |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| A) Vitamin A | B) Vitamin B ₅ |
| C) Vitamin B ₃ | D) Vitamin H |
69. Edman reagent is -----.
- | | |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| A) Phenylisocyanate | B) Phenylthiocyanate |
| C) Phenylisothiocyanate | D) 1-fluoro-2,4-dinitrobenzene |
70. The most acidic proton in the following compound is attached to carbon -----.
- $${}^4\text{CH}_3\text{-}{}^3\text{CH}_2\text{-}{}^2\text{CH}_2\text{-}{}^1\text{CHO}$$
- | | |
|------|------|
| A) 1 | B) 2 |
| C) 3 | D) 4 |
71. Tropilium cation is -----.
- | | |
|-------------------|-----------------|
| A) Antiaromatic | B) Homoaromatic |
| C) Heteroaromatic | D) Nonaromatic |
72. Which of the following bond has highest IR stretching frequency?
- | | |
|--------|--------|
| A) C-H | B) C-C |
| C) C-N | D) C-O |
73. The correct order for the basic features of a mass spectrometer is -----.
- | |
|--|
| A) Acceleration, deflection, detection, ionisation |
| B) Ionisation, acceleration, deflection, detection |
| C) Acceleration, ionisation, deflection, detection |
| D) Acceleration, deflection, ionisation, detection |
74. Which of the following substrates will have maximum rate for hydrolysis under S_N1 reaction conditions?
- | |
|--------------------|
| A) Ethyl chloride |
| B) Chlorobenzene |
| C) Methyl chloride |
| D) Benzyl chloride |
75. The effect of chain transfer reagents is to -----.
- | |
|--|
| A) Increase the average degree of polymerization |
| B) Increase the rate of polymerization |
| C) Reduce average degree of polymerization |
| D) Reduce the rate of polymerisation |
76. In ionic polymerisation "living polymer" is formed when -----.
- | |
|---|
| A) Propagation reactions do not occur |
| B) Termination reactions do not occur |
| C) Initiation reactions occur faster than termination reactions |
| D) Amino acids are used as monomers |

77. During a step growth polymerisation -----.
- A) Monomer molecules are still present in the final polymer
 B) Monomer breaks down to form free radicals
 C) Monomer breaks down to form ions
 D) Monomer disappears early in the reaction
78. Which of the following statements is true for all chromatographic techniques?
- A) R_f value of individual components can be calculated
 B) Components soluble in water are used.
 C) Stationary and mobile phases are used
 D) Nonpolar eluents are used
79. Which of the following is the most suitable gas to use as a carrier gas in a gas chromatogram?
- A) Methane
 B) Carbon dioxide
 C) Helium
 D) Oxygen
80. Gel electrophoresis separates DNA fragments based on their -----.
- A) Molecular size
 B) Polarity
 C) Solubility
 D) Electric charge
81. According to de Broglie hypothesis, the wave length of a particle is -----.
- A) Directly proportional to its mass
 B) Directly proportional to its energy
 C) Directly proportional to its momentum
 D) Inversely proportional to its momentum
82. Which among the following will have maximum wave character if they move with identical speeds?
- A) Electrons
 B) Protons
 C) Neutrons
 D) Alpha particles
83. The energy of a particle in a one-dimensional box is given by -----.
- A) $nh^2/8ma^2$
 B) $n^2h^2/8ma^2$
 C) $n^2h^2/4ma^2$
 D) $nh^2/4ma^2$
84. The number of radial nodes for the 3s orbital of hydrogen atom is -----.
- A) 0
 B) 1
 C) 2
 D) 3
85. The ground state term symbol of Ni^{2+} is -----.
- A) 3F_2
 B) 3F_4
 C) 3D_2
 D) 3D_4
86. What is the bond order of NO?
- A) 1.5
 B) 2
 C) 2.5
 D) 3

87. The hybridization of carbon atom in graphite is -----.
 A) sp B) sp^2 C) sp^3 D) p^3s
88. The angle between the three iodine atoms of I_3^- ion is -----.
 A) 60 B) 90 C) 120 D) 180
89. BF_3 belongs to ----- point group.
 A) C_{3v} B) C_{4v} C) D_{3h} D) D_{4h}
90. Molecules possessing dipole moments do not belong to the ----- point group.
 A) C_n B) C_s C) C_{nv} D) C_{nh}
91. Among X-rays, UV, IR and Visible light, which has longest wavelength?
 A) X-rays B) IR
 C) UV D) Visible light
92. Which among the following is a spherical top molecule?
 A) H_2O B) C_6H_6 C) CH_4 D) CH_3Cl
93. The selection rule for a molecule to be IR active is that -----.
 A) It should have a permanent dipole moment
 B) It should have a permanent polarisability
 C) It should have a change in dipole moment during irradiation
 D) It should have a functional group
94. The very intense colour of permanganate is due to ----- transition.
 A) $\sigma \rightarrow \sigma^*$ B) $n \rightarrow \sigma^*$ C) $n \rightarrow \pi^*$ D) $\pi \rightarrow \pi^*$
95. The free radicals can be studied by ----- spectroscopy.
 A) IR B) UV C) NMR D) ESR
96. The most probable speed of a gas molecule is given by -----.
 A) $(2RT/M)^{1/2}$ B) $(3RT/M)^{1/2}$
 C) $(4RT/\pi M)^{1/2}$ D) $(2RT/\pi M)^{1/2}$
97. The rate of diffusion of a gas is -----.
 A) Directly proportional to its molecular weight
 B) Inversely proportional to its molecular weight
 C) Independent of its molecular weight
 D) Inversely proportional to its temperature
98. Mean free path may be defined as the -----.
 A) Average distance between two successive collisions of a molecule
 B) Average intermolecular space between molecules
 C) Path of minimum free energy change
 D) Path of maximum free energy change

99. Two solutions of identical osmotic pressure are said to be -----.
 A) Isonormal B) Isobaric
 C) Isotonic D) Equinormal
100. The term 'mesophase' is associated with ----- crystals.
 A) metallic B) covalent
 C) liquid D) molecular
101. Spontaneous processes are accompanied by -----.
 A) Increase of G and decrease of S
 B) Increase of S and decrease of G
 C) Increases of both G and S
 D) Decreases of both G and S
102. The differential of ----- is inexact.
 A) G B) U
 C) w D) S
103. At 0K the entropy of CO is -----.
 A) zero B) > zero
 C) < zero D) None of above
104. What is the influence of temperature (T) on the equilibrium constant (K) of a reaction?
 A) K increases with T
 B) K decreases when T is raised
 C) K is independent of T
 D) K increases with T only if the reaction is endothermic
105. The canonical ensemble partition function (Q) for an ideal gas is related to the single molecule partition function (q) by the relation -----.
 A) $Q = q^N / N$ B) $Q = N^q / N!$
 C) $Q = q^N / N!$ D) $Q = N! / q^N$
106. ----- is not a fermion.
 A) Electron B) Proton C) Neutron D) ${}^4\text{He}$
107. For a zero order reaction, the initial concentration is 2.0 M. After one minute the concentration is changed to 1.0 M. The rate constant for the reaction is
 A) 0.034 MS^{-1} B) $0.034 \text{ M}^{-1}\text{S}$
 C) 0.017 MS^{-1} D) $0.017\text{M}^{-1}\text{S}$
108. ----- is not a kinetic parameter.
 A) Zero point energy B) Activation energy
 C) Entropy of activation D) Pre-exponential factor

109. The Lindemann-Hinshelwood mechanism is used to explain ----- reaction.
 A) unimolecular B) bimolecular
 C) trimolecular D) tetramolecular
110. The temperature dependence of reaction rates is represented in the ----- equation.
 A) Arrhenius B) Clapeyron
 C) Eyring D) Debye
111. BET equation represents ----- adsorption.
 A) monolayer B) double layer
 C) triple layer D) multilayer
112. For the aqueous solution-air interface ----- is a capillary inactive solute.
 A) acetone B) diethyl ether
 C) ethyl acetate D) glycerine
113. The scattering of light by colloidal particles is known as ----- effect
 A) Cotton B) Tyndall
 C) Raman D) Rayleigh
114. ----- is used to study the structure of surfaces.
 A) Mass Spectroscopy B) Scanning Tunneling Microscopy
 C) Mossbauer Spectroscopy D) Raman Spectroscopy
115. A catalyst speeds up a reaction by -----.
 A) Increasing the equilibrium constant
 B) Decreasing the equilibrium constant
 C) Increasing the free energy of activation
 D) Decreasing the free energy of activation
116. The molar conductance of an electrolyte is -----.
 A) Maximum at infinite dilution B) Minimum at infinite dilution
 C) Independent of dilution D) Independent of temperature
117. The ionic strength of one molal solution of FeSO_4 is -----.
 A) 1 B) 2 C) 4 D) 8
118. ----- is used for making salt bridge.
 A) NaCl B) KCl C) NaBr D) KBr
119. When a dilute solution of H_2SO_4 is electrolyzed using Pt electrodes, the product on the anode is ----- gas.
 A) H_2 B) O_2 C) SO_2 D) SO_3
120. In electrogravimetric analysis the analyte is quantitatively deposited as a solid on the -----.
 A) Cathode B) Anode
 C) Cathode or anode D) Cathode and anode