

1. 'The Development of Underdevelopment' is a theory developed by:
  - A) Paul Baran
  - B) Sameer Ameen
  - C) Dadabai Naoroji
  - D) Andre Gunderfrank
2. Who wrote the biography of K P Kesava Menon in Malayalam under the name 'K P KesavaMenon'?
  - A) K Madhavan Nair
  - B) V Parukutty Amma
  - C) Ambady Karthyayani Amma
  - D) K. Damodara Menon
3. The discovery of Roman coins has played a pertinent role in understanding ancient Kerala's maritime contacts. Which place among the following in Kerala is marked for the discovery of large number of such roman coins?
  - A) Chathan Parambu
  - B) Irimbilyam
  - C) Eyyal
  - D) Terisappalli
4. The author of the book 'Gandhi and Anarchy' is
  - A) E M S Namboodirippad
  - B) Motilal Nehru
  - C) C. Sankaran Nair
  - D) Subash Chandra Bose
5. Which among the following is connected with SankarRaoDev in the history of Kerala?
  - A) Home Rule Movement
  - B) Salt Satyagraha
  - C) Hitchcock Memorial
  - D) Bhoodan Movement
6. Who among the following founded the SabariAshramam?
  - A) T R Krishnaswami Aiyer
  - B) V T Bhattathirippad
  - C) K Kelappan
  - D) K P Kesava Menon
7. The 'Pandarapattam Proclamation' was issued in the year:
  - A) 1865
  - B) 1867
  - C) 1869
  - D) 1874
8. The all Religious Conference organised by SreeNarayana Guru was held at
  - A) Varkala
  - B) Aruvippuram
  - C) Thalasseri
  - D) Aluva
9. Who among the following replaced C P Ramaswami Aiyer as the Diwan of Thiruvithamcore in August 1947?
  - A) PattomThanuPilla
  - B) IkkandaWarrier
  - C) P G N Unnithan
  - D) K R Elankath
10. Who among the following gave leadership to the 'NamboodiriVidyarthiYajanaYathra'?
  - A) E MS Namboodirippad
  - B) Manjeri Rama Iyer
  - C) V T Bhattathirippad
  - D) Muthrigode BavathrathanNamboodirippad

11. Which kings among the following maintained musicians called 'kalutholi methanmar'?
- A) Raja of Thiruvithamcore      B) Ali Raja of Kannur  
C) Samoothiri of Kozhikode      D) Raja of Kochi
12. Which among the following is connected with the 'KanderMenonPattu' ?
- A) Chaver Pattukal      B) Vadakkan Pattukal  
C) Thekkan Pattukal      D) Thottam Pattukal
13. Who translated the tamil work 'Pathittupathu' into Malayalam in 1959?
- A) K M Panikkar      B) G Vaidyanatha Aiyer  
C) Elamkulam Kunjan Pillai      D) P K K Menon
14. Give the correct chronological order of the following novels according to its year of publication
1. Indulekha      2. Kundhalatha      3. PulleliKunju      4. Marthandavarma
- A) 4,2, 1,3      B) 1,2,3,4      C) 4,1,2,3      D) 3,2,1,4
15. The word 'kammattam' in Malayalam language stands for
- A) Mint      B) Army Camp  
C) Royal Kitchen      D) Play Ground
16. Which among the following is wrongly matched?
- | <b>I</b> |                    | <b>II</b> |                |
|----------|--------------------|-----------|----------------|
| a.       | Attingal Revolt    | 1.        | 1731           |
| b.       | Appu Nedungadi     | 2.        | Kundalatha     |
| c.       | Arshad Beg Khan    | 3.        | Tippu Sulathan |
| d.       | Sree Narayana Guru | 4.        | Aruvippuram    |
- A) a-1      B) b-2      C) c-3      D) d-4
17. Which word among the following stands for measuring length or distance?
- A) *Uri*      B) *Panaththookkam*      C) *Chan*      D) *Perukkam*
18. Which among the following is correctly matched?
- | <b>I</b> |                 | <b>II</b> |                           |
|----------|-----------------|-----------|---------------------------|
| a.       | Ikkanda Warriar | 1.        | Malabar Rebellion of 1921 |
| b.       | IttiAchuthan    | 2.        | Hortus Malabaricus        |
| c.       | Al Kasu         | 3.        | Kochi PrajaMandalam       |
| d.       | Ai Musliyar     | 4.        | Slave tax                 |
- A) a-1      B) b-2      C) c-3      D) d-4
19. Which work among the following written by IlankoAdikal?
- A) Nattinai      B) Puramnanooru  
C) Aikarunooru      D) Chilappathikaram

20. Which work among the following is authored by Manu S Pillai?  
 A) 'No Elephants for the Maharaja'  
 B) 'Travancore: The Model State'  
 C) 'Native Life in Travancore'  
 D) 'The Ivory Throne: Chronicles of the House of Travancore'
21. Give the correct chronological order of the following.  
 1. The Malabar District Political Conference at Manjeri  
 2. Misrabhojanam at Cherayi  
 3. Consecration of idol at Aruvippuram by Sree Narayana Guru  
 4. Starting of the newspaper 'Al Ameen'  
 A) 3,2,1,4      B) 2,1,3,4      C) 1,3,4,2      D) 4,3,2,1
22. The book titled, 'Slavery in Ancient India' is written by  
 A) D N Jha      B) Dev Raj Chanana  
 C) R S Sharma      D) D D Kosambi
23. Which foreign traveller commented regarding slave women in ancient India that, 'the king was waited upon by women purchased from their parents'?  
 A) Strabo      B) Philostratus      C) Diodorus      D) Megasthenes
24. The earliest evidence of agriculture in Indus Valley civilisation comes from  
 A) Lothal      B) Kotdiji      C) Mehrgarh      D) Kaibangan
25. Which archaeological site among the following belongs to Uttar Pradesh?  
 A) Aihole      B) Ahichhathra      C) Adurru      D) Adamgarh
26. Who among the following was a ruler of Magadha?  
 A) Nahapana      B) Brahma Gupta  
 C) Ajatasatru      D) Pravarasena
27. Who among the following is known for significant contributions in epigraphy?  
 A) Alexander Cunningham      B) R E M Wheeler  
 C) Robert Bruce Foote      D) James Prinsep
28. Who wrote 'Geographica' which provides information about ancient India?  
 A) Ptolemy      B) Strabo      C) Megasthenes      D) Dionysius
29. Which archaeological site among the following is associated with large number of Palaeolithic tools?  
 A) Khokrakot      B) Bhimbetka      C) Elchuru      D) Sopara
30. The Neolithic site Burzahom is situated in  
 A) Madhya Pradesh      B) Rajasthan  
 C) Kashmir      D) Haryana

31. Which Mahajanpada had its capital at Champa?  
 A) Gandhara B) Asmaka C) Kasi D) Anga
32. Who among the following is known for his studies on the symbolism of Buddhist and Brahminical art?  
 A) C. Sivaramamurti B) Ananda Kentish Coomaraswamy  
 C) Robert Sewell D) A C Burnell
33. Which among the following is correctly matched?
- | I |                       | II |                          |
|---|-----------------------|----|--------------------------|
| a | Cosmas Indicopleustes | 1. | 'Christian Topography'   |
| b | 'Culavamsa'           | 2. | Jain Text                |
| c | Kharoshti             | 3. | Indo-Roman script        |
| d | Dholavira             | 4. | Harappan site in Haryana |
- A) a-1 B) b-2 C) c-3 D) d-4
34. The term *rajuka* stands for  
 A) Gupta officials responsible for revenue collection and justice  
 B) Chola officer administrating justice and law  
 C) Mauryan officer responsible for provincial administration and justice  
 D) Personal Staff of the Pandyan rulers
35. Who among the following translated 'The Periplus of the Erythrean Sea' in 1974?  
 A) L. Casson B) J W McCrindle  
 C) Wilfred H Schoff D) G W B Huntingford
36. The Mehrauli inscription is assigned to the period of  
 A) Mauryan kings B) Gupta kings  
 C) Sultanate rulers D) Mughal kings
37. Who among the following acted as the chief military officer under the Sultanate?  
 A) *Ariz i Mamalik* B) *Diwan i Wazarat*  
 C) *SarJandar* D) *Diwan i Insha*
38. *Daroga I DakChauki* in the sultanate period in Indian history stands for  
 A) Management of Famine B) Construction of buildings  
 C) Postal administration D) Officer in charge of royal house hold
39. Which among the following is not correctly matched?
- | I  |                    | II |                                     |
|----|--------------------|----|-------------------------------------|
| a. | <i>Subedar</i>     | 1. | Officer in charge of a Province     |
| b. | <i>Wak i Navis</i> | 2. | Chief revenue officer               |
| c. | Kotwal             | 3. | Police officer                      |
| d. | <i>Mukkadam</i>    | 4. | Revenue officer in a <i>Pargana</i> |
- A) a-1 B) b-2 C) c-3 D) d-4

40. *AshtaPradhan* was the council of ministers of  
 A) Maratha kings B) Vijaya Nagar kings  
 C) Bahmini dynasty D) Chola kings
41. The Persian word 'NasabKardan' is related to  
 A) Jagirdari system B) Mansabdari system  
 C) Miradari system D) Ryotwari system
42. Which ruler, according to Ibn Battuta, is said to have sanctioned loans for digging wells for extended cultivation  
 A) Muhammed Bin Tughluq B) Firuz Tugluq  
 C) Ghiyasuddin Tughluq D) Alauddin Khalji
43. Which among the following was a tax on houses during the period of king AlauddinKhalji?  
 A) *kharaj* B) *charai* C) *ghari* D) *mawasat*
44. Which idea was developed by the Brahmanical texts as the surest means of acquiring merit or *punya* and destroying sin or *pataka* ?  
 A) Sacrifice B) Dana C) Vanaprastha D) War
45. The term *pattanaswami* in early medieval India refer to  
 A) Head of a *nagaram* assembly B) Money lender  
 C) Guardian of the fort D) Chief of the temple in the city
46. Which kings among the following had Korkai as the port town?  
 A) Chola kings B) Chera kings  
 C) Pandya kings D) Pallava kings
47. Which among the following is not correctly matched?  
 A) Pallavas of Kanchipuram- Mamallapuram  
 B) Pandyas of Madurai- Chennapattinam  
 C) Cholas of Tanjavur- Nagapattinam  
 D) Kakatiyas of Warangal- Motupalli
48. *Kuvalayamala*, a text which refer to trade and busy towns in early medieval India is written by  
 A) Uddyotana Suri B) Haribhadra Suri  
 C) Kalidasa D) Uddanta Sasthrikal
49. The terms *shreshthi* and *sarthavaha* are associated with  
 A) War and army B) Trade and commerce  
 C) Temple administration D) Forest administration
50. An association of caravan merchants of different castes who travel together for the purpose of carrying on trade with other countries in early India were called  
 A) *Shreni* B) *Samooha* C) *Sartha* D) *Naigama*

51. Which subject among the following represent content of the book *Manasara*?
- A) Village administration      B) Medicine  
C) Temple architecture      D) Rules of trade and commerce
52. Medieval South Indian polity in terms of 'segmentary state' is explained by
- A) R. S Sharma      B) Aidan Southall and Burton Stein  
C) B. D. Chattopadhyaya      D) Naboru Karashima
53. Which among the following represent the words like *chachaar*, *polaj*, *parauti* and *banjar* under the Mughals?
- A) Naval administration      B) Royal kitchen  
C) Cotton weaving      D) Land administration
54. Which among the following statement regarding the early medieval Indian state is not correct?
- A) Tax collectors were called *amil*  
B) *Mamalik* was the minister in charge of war  
C) *Muhtasib* was in charge of the municipal police  
D) *Kotwal* was in charge of the navy department
55. Which calligraphist in Akbar's court was given the title *zarrin-qalam*?
- A) Muhammed Hussain      B) Adul Fazl  
C) Miyan Tanzen      D) Baz Bahadur
56. Which of the following statements is right?
- A) India under British rule resembled capitalist Britain.  
B) Capitalism, by its nature, is a localised phenomenon.  
C) Colonialism supports the economic growth of a colony.  
D) A country which is subjugated by a metropolitan capitalist country is called a colony.
57. Who wrote the book 'Imperialism, the Last Stage of Capitalism'?
- A) Rosa Luxemburg      B) V I Lenin  
C) Karl Marx      D) Rudolf Hilferding
58. Which scholar among the following talked about drain of wealth and Indian poverty under the British rule in Madras presidency?
- A) Morris David Morris      B) Sarda Raju  
C) J Krishnamurthy      D) N K Sinha
59. What did the British do to promote 'a class of persons, Indians in blood and colour, but English in taste, in opinions, in morals, and in intellect'?
- A) Promoted Vernacular Press      B) Supported Indian literature  
C) Promoted English education      D) Improved colonial administration
60. Which among the following statement is true?
- A) There was no racial discrimination in judicial matters in the 19th Century in India.  
B) The British gave importance to the development of Railways so that Indians might travel fast.  
C) The British tried to establish a uniform system of administration in India.  
D) The British did not annex any princely states in India through unjust means.

61. Which among the following places witnessed the city people striking against the levying of house tax before 1857 in colonial India?  
 A) Bareilly      B) Madras      C) Kanpur      D) Calcutta
62. Who wrote the work 'Eighteen Fifty-Seven' about the revolt of 1857?  
 A) R C Majumdar      B) S N Sen  
 C) Ashok Mehta      D) P C Joshi
63. Which among the following is wrongly matched?  
 A) Sambad Kaumudi - Rajaram Mohun Roy  
 B) Anand Math - Bankim Chandra Chatterji  
 C) Nil Darpan - Din bandu Mitra  
 D) Kesari - Vishnu Shastri Chiplunkar
64. Which rebellion in India witnessed the military and civil population merging together against the British?  
 A) Santhal Rebellion      B) Revolt of 1857  
 C) Kol Rebellion      D) Kutcha Rebellion
65. Which among the following is not connected with the revolt of 1857 against the British?  
 A) Red lotuses and Chappatis, symbolising freedom and bread.  
 B) Proclamation issued by Nana Saheb from Kanpur.  
 C) Mangal Pandey, stationed at Barrackpore, revolted single-handedly attacking his British officers.  
 D) The Indian capitalist class played a leading role in the revolt.
66. Which among the following is not matched?
- | <b>I</b>                    | <b>II</b> |
|-----------------------------|-----------|
| a. Deccan Association       | 1. 1852   |
| b. Poona Sarvajanik Sabha   | 2. 1870   |
| c. Indian National Congress | 3. 1883   |
| d. East India Association   | 4. 1866   |
- A) a-1      B) b-2      C) c-3      D) d-4
67. The victory of the British army during the revolt of 1857 was determined by  
 A) The support of the Indian princes and chiefs.  
 B) The rebels were lacking in discipline and a central command.  
 C) The military proved too strong for the Indian peasantry and sepoys.  
 D) All of the above.
68. Who wrote, "to regard the outbreak of 1857 as either national in character or a war of independence of India betrays a lack of true knowledge of the history of Indian people in the nineteenth century"?  
 A) Tara Chand      B) S B Chaudhary  
 C) V D Savarkar      D) R C Majumdar

69. Who said, "Revolt of 1857 was the last attempt of an effete order to recover its departed glory"?
- A) Bipan Chandra                      B) Tara Chand  
C) Talmiz Khaldun                      D) None of the above
70. The term 'ghatyantra' in medieval India stands for
- A) Machine to monitor weather      B) Implement to calculate time  
C) Water lifting machine              D) Machine used in warfare
71. The 'Forward Policy' and 'The Policy of Masterly Inactivity' in colonial India are connected with the British attitude towards:
- A) Russia                      B) Burma                      C) Japan                      D) China
72. Who among the following talked about, periphery and semi-periphery, between which a relationship of *unequal exchange* prevailed in the modern colonial system?
- A) Frantz Fanon                      B) Andre Gunder Frank  
C) Edward Said                      D) Immanuel Wallerstein
73. The term *jirga* stands for
- A) Council among the Pathan tribes  
B) Council of the Baluch chiefs  
C) Sindh tribal people in Indian boarder  
D) Afridi council in the North West of India
74. Which popular tribal movement was given leadership by Chakra Bisoi in colonial India?
- A) Khonds of Orissa                      B) Santhals of Bhirbhhum  
C) Savara rebellion                      D) Indigo revolt
75. Which was the chief reason for the Deccan riots of 1875?
- A) Forced cultivation of Indigo      B) Natural calamities  
C) Increased taxation                      D) The role of money lenders
76. Which among the following is correctly matched?
- | I                 | II                   |
|-------------------|----------------------|
| a. Sambhunath Pal | 1. Koya Rebellion    |
| b. Chakra Bisoi   | 2. Savara rebellion  |
| c. Tomma Dora     | 3. Khonds of Orissa  |
| d. Sido           | 4. Santhal rebellion |
- A) a-1                      B) b-2                      C) c-3                      D) d-4
77. The work of Narayan Meghajee Lokhunday in nineteenth century India is associated with
- A) Indigo movement                      B) Deccan Riots  
C) Trade Union movement              D) The Koya rebellion
78. *Native Opinion*, a significant English newspaper which stood for reform in nineteenth century India was published from
- A) Madras                      B) Allahabad                      C) Delhi                      D) Bombay



79. Which among the following ideas was initiated in India by Krishna Kumar Mitra's *Sanjeevani*?
- A) Home Rule movement      B) Boycott movement  
C) Khadi propaganda      D) Popularisation of Hindi language
80. Which among the following ideas was undertaken by the nationalists to represent the concern for the country's economic self-sufficiency?
- A) Swadeshi      B) Charkka or the spinning wheel  
C) Swadeshimela      D) National education
81. Which journal among the following was edited by Bhupendranath Dutta?
- A) *Sandhya*      B) *Yugantar*      C) *New India*      D) *Bande Mataram*
82. Which book/pamphlet among the following is written by Jotiba Phule to explain the historical role of Sudra slavery under Brahmin domination?
- A) *Deen Bhandhu*      B) *Gulamgin*  
C) *Setakaryanacha Asueda*      D) *Isara*
83. Identify the wrong answer regarding the ideas and work of E V Ramaswami Naicker.
1. E V Ramaswami Naicker supported the Vaikkam Satyagraha.
  2. E V Ramaswami Naicker advocated the burning of *Manu Dharma Shastras* and *Ramayana* in protest against the caste system.
  3. E V Ramaswami Naicker supported Gandhiji in the case of Varnashrama Dharma.
  4. After visit to Soviet Union, E V Ramaswami Naicker added his version of Marxism to the Dravidian ideology.
- A) 1 and 2      B) 1 and 4      C) 3 only      D) 4 only
84. Ramaswami Chaudhary and Tripuraneni of south India were connected with
- A) The Home rule movement      B) Swadeshi idealism  
C) Non Brahmin movement      D) Revolutionary terrorism
85. Which among the following was not a programme of the Civil Disobedience movement started in 1930?
- A) Salt law should be violated everywhere.  
B) Bhoodan or sacrifice of land for the landless.  
C) Foreign clothes should be burnt.  
D) No taxes should be paid to the government.
86. Name the group of historians on modern Indian history which denied Indian nationalism on the basis of sectional interests, believed in colonial benevolence and discussed the relationship between the British and the Indians as one of patron client type
- A) Annals school      B) Subaltern school  
C) Marxist school      D) Cambridge school
87. Where did the Canal Tax agitation take place in colonial India under the leadership of Kisan Sabha?
- A) Burdwan District      B) Dinajpur District  
C) Faizpur      D) Lucknow

88. Which group among the following did not oppose the visit of Simon Commission in 1928?  
 A) Indian National Congress      B) Liberals Federation  
 C) Justice Party of Madras      D) None of the above
89. Who said in the Ramgarh Congress of March 1940 that 'India cannot endure the prospect of Nazism and Fascism, but she is even more tired of British imperialism'?  
 A) Jawaharlal Nehru      B) Maulana Azad  
 C) Subash Chandra Bose      D) Gandhiji
90. Which among the following was not included in the Cripp's proposal of 1942?  
 A) Dominion Status would be granted to India immediately after the War.  
 B) After the cessation of hostilities, a constitution - making body would be set up.  
 C) The constitution so framed after the War would be accepted by the British Government.  
 D) The control of defence and military operations would be given to India.
91. *The Great Fear of 1789* which comprehensively described the peasant mentality is authored by  
 A) Thorold Rogers      B) Georges Lefebvre  
 C) George Rude      D) Jules Michelet
92. Which book among the following is written by E P Thompson?  
 A) *The Making of the English Working Class*  
 B) *The Crowd in History*  
 C) *Ideology and Popular Protest*  
 D) *History of Agriculture and Prices*
93. Which work among the following is written by Gordon Childe?  
 A) Rosetta Stone      B) Neolithic Revolution  
 C) Excavation in ancient Crete      D) Cuneiform script
94. *The Global World of the Indian Merchants, 1750-1947* is authored by  
 A) S J Patel      B) UtsaPatnaik  
 C) Claude Markovits      D) Tirthankar Roy
95. Which among the following argument is upheld by the nationalist historians?  
 A) Proud of the achievements of the British Empire in India  
 B) Critical of the negative consequences of British rule for the Indian economy  
 C) Developed their critique of colonialism in terms of a certain understanding of capitalism  
 D) Economy was growing and the political turmoil did not lead to economic decline
96. Who among the following argued that there was a process of peasantisation of nomads in the nineteenth century?  
 A) C A Bayly      B) Bipan Chandra  
 C) A R Desai      D) Ranajit Guha

97. Who among following argued that 'there was an element of tribute in Britain's economic relations with India but that on the whole British rule was beneficial for the Indians'?
- A) Irfan Habib and Sumit Sarkar  
 B) E.P Thompson and Eric Hobsbawm  
 C) Ranajit Guha and Gaytri Spivak  
 D) Vera Anstey and Theodore Morison
98. Which among the following historians identified 'the over pressure on Mauryan economy' as the basic reason for the decline of Mauryan Empire in ancient India?
- A) H. C Raychaudhuri                      B) D.D Kosambi  
 C) Romila Thaper                              D) Hariprasad Sastri
99. 'The Historical Atlas of Mughal Empire' is the work of
- A) Athar Ali                                      B) Irfan Habib  
 C) W H Moreland                              D) Stanely Lanepoole
100. The author of the book 'Tarik-i-FiruzShahi' is:
- A) Minhaj-us Siraj  
 B) Abdul Khadar Badauni  
 C) Al beruni  
 D) Zia-ud-din Barani
101. Earliest historian to mention 'Urban Revolution' in ancient society is
- A) Romila Thaper                              B) Mortimer Wheeler  
 C) Gordon Childe                              D) John Marshall
102. Author of 'The Blue Mutiny: The Indigo Disturbances in Bengal 1859-1962' is
- A) A.R Desai                                      B) Dinabandu Mitra  
 C) David Arnold                                D) Blair King
103. The 'CellamVaka Records' in the Kerala State Archives denotes
- A) Palace Records  
 B) Village Survey Records  
 C) Personal Records of the Residents  
 D) British Records
104. 'Political geography of Chola Country' is a research work by
- A) Burton Stein                                B) David Ludden  
 C) Hiroshi Fukazawa                        D) Y Subbarayalu
105. 'A Nation in the Making' is the autobiography of
- A) W. C Banerjee                                B) DadabaiNaoroji  
 C) C. Sankaran Nair                            D) S. N. Banerjee

106. Identify the wrongly matched one

- | <b>I</b> |               | <b>II</b> |                                     |
|----------|---------------|-----------|-------------------------------------|
| a.       | J N Sarkar    | 1.        | Hindu Polity                        |
| b.       | James Todd    | 2.        | Annals and Antiquities of Rajasthan |
| c.       | R S Sharma    | 3.        | Indian feudalism                    |
| d.       | Bipan Chandra | 4.        | Communalism in Modern India         |

- A) a-1                      B) b-2                      C) c-3                      D) d-4

107. Who among the following argued that historical changes are determined by the divine will?

- A) Rene Descartes                      B) Ibn Khaldun  
C) Giambattista Vicco                      D) Immanuel Kant

108. Who wrote the Malayalam poem 'Ente Gurunadhan' to explain the greatness of Gandhiji?

- A) Ulloor S Parameswara Aiyer                      B) G Kumarapilla  
C) N V Krishna Varrier                      D) Vallathol Narayana Menon

109. Who among the following is called a constructionist historian?

- A) John Tosh                      B) A. Giddens                      C) H. Bertens                      D) C. Tilly

110. Which is the term used to describe the various postmodern influences in historical writing?

- A) Historical materialism                      B) Constructive method  
C) Deconstructionist method                      D) Structuralism

111. Who used the term 'hegemony' to denote the dominant value systems and ideologies?

- A) Ranajit Guha                      B) Antonio Gramsci  
C) Partha Chatterjee                      D) Alun Muslow

112. The term 'Longue Duree' is associated with

- A) Marc Bloch                      B) E P Thompson  
C) Max Weber                      D) Antonio Gramsci

113. Find out the wrongly matched one

- | <b>I</b> |                    | <b>II</b> |               |
|----------|--------------------|-----------|---------------|
| a.       | Polyphony          | 1.        | Bakhtin       |
| b.       | Panopticon         | 2.        | AlunMuslow    |
| c.       | Positivism         | 3.        | Auguste Comte |
| d.       | History from Below | 4.        | E P Thompson  |

- A) a-1                      B) b-2                      C) c-3                      D) d-4

114. Marc Bloch's 'Royal Touch' is considered as one of the pioneering work in

- A) History of Mentalities                      B) Post Modernism  
C) Historical relativism                      D) Ethno history

115. Who said that Karl Marx was the main force in modernising the writing of history?  
A) Arnold J Toynbee                      B) Louis Althusser  
C) Eric Hobsbawm                         D) Alun Muslow
116. Which idea among the following is associated with Richard Rorty?  
A) Mentalities                                B) Linguistic Turn  
C) Hegemony                                 D) Historicism
117. Who believed that ‘individual perception or human subjectivity, played a significant role in the historian’s representation of the past’?  
A) Jacob Burckhardt                      B) Wilhelm Dilthey  
C) Raymond Williams                     D) E P Thompson
118. Who among the following is linked with the introduction of the idea of mentalities in historical research?  
A) Wilhelm Dilthey                         B) Lucien Febvre  
C) JurgenHabermas                        D) Edward Burnett Tylor
119. Who introduced Arnold’s *Song Celestial (Bhagavad Geeta)* and the *Light of Asia* to Gandhiji in 1889?  
A) Leo Tolstoy                                B) H P Blavatsky  
C) Ralph Waldo Emerson                D) Henry David Thoreau
120. “There was a white man in the room. I was afraid of him. What was my duty, I asked myself. Should I go back to India, or should I go forward, with God as my helper, and face whatever was in store for me? I decided to stay and suffer. My active non-violence began from that date.” Whose words are these?  
A) Annie Besant                              B) Bal Gangadhar Tilak  
C) Gandhiji                                     D) Acharya Vinoba Bhave
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