

9. The text '*Mimamsa Nyaya Prakasa*' was composed by:
 A) Kumarila Bhatta B) Prabhakara
 C) Apadeva D) Laugaksi Bhaskara
10. 'The grasping of a sense does not with certainty warrant a corresponding nominatum'.
 This view is expressed by:
 A) Donald Davidson B) Bertrand Russell
 C) G.E. Moore D) Gottlob Frege
11. Match the following:
 a. Interactionism 1. Malebranche
 b. Double aspect theory 2. Descartes
 c. Pre-established harmony 3. Spinoza
 d. Occasionalism 4. Leibniz
 A) a-3, b-4, c-1, d-2 B) a-2, b-3, c-4, d-1
 C) a-1, b-2, c-3, d-4 D) a-4, b-3, c-2, d-1
12. The concept of one predominant rasa (*angirasa*) as a new norm in *kavya* was introduced by:
 A) Bharata B) Anandavardana
 C) Abhinavagupta D) Vamana
13. The statement 'The negation of the conjunction of two statements is logically equivalent to the disjunction of their negations' is called
 A) Biconditionality B) De Morgan's Theorem
 C) Logical equivalence D) Paradox of material implication
14. When the biconditional that expresses the material equivalence of two statements is a tautology, then the two statements are said to be
 A) True propositions B) Contradictories
 C) Identical D) Logically equivalent
15. Name the fallacy involved in the following argument:
 All household pets are domestic animals.
 No unicorns are domestic animals.
 Therefore some unicorns are not household pets.
 A) The existential fallacy
 B) The fallacy of exclusive premises
 C) The fallacy of drawing an affirmative conclusion from a negative premises
 D) Fallacy of the undistributed middle
16. The commentary of the Brahmasutras entitled '*Anu Bhasya*' was written by:
 A) Ramanujacarya B) Madhvacarya
 C) Bhaskaracarya D) Vallabhacarya

25. The withholding of life support systems and antibiotics that leads to the death of the terminally ill patient is called:
 A) Active euthanasia B) Passive euthanasia
 C) Involuntary euthanasia D) Non-voluntary euthanasia
26. Find out the correct sequence as expressed from the highest to the lowest of Plato's divided line:
 A) Understanding, Thought, Conjecture, Belief
 B) Understanding, Thought, Belief, Conjecture
 C) Understanding, Belief, Thought, Conjecture
 D) Understanding, Conjecture, Thought, Belief
27. Match the following:
 a. Kant 1. Quantitative Hedonism
 b. Bentham 2. Categorical Imperative
 c. Bradley 3. Pragmatism
 d. Dewey 4. My Station and Its Duties
- A) a-4, b-3, c-2, d-1 B) a-1, b-2, c-3, d-4
 C) a-2, b-1, c-4, d-3 D) a-3, b-4, c-2, d-1
28. Ideological practice consists of an assortment of institutions which include the family, media, religious organizations, the educational system, as well as received ideas that they propagate. All this taken together are referred to as
 A) Hegemony B) Ideological state apparatus
 C) State D) Repressive state apparatus
29. The capacity of speech and communication not simply to communicate but rather to act or consummate an action, or to construct and perform an identity is called
 A) Descriptivity B) Discourse C) Performativity D) Creativity
30. 'Vedanta Parijata Sourabha' is the work of:
 A) Nimbarkacharya B) Vallabhacharya
 C) Bhaskaracharya D) Sri Caitanya Mahaprabhu
31. The author of the Navya-Nyaya text 'Padarthanirupana' is:
 A) Annambhatta B) Kesavamisra
 C) Gangesa Upadhyaya D) Raghunatha Siromani
32. The twenty third Tirthankara in the Jain tradition is
 A) Neminatha B) Parsvanatha
 C) Rishabha Deva D) Vardhamana Mahavira
33. Which among the following is an *Anusandhana Vākya*?
 A) Ayam Ātma Brahma B) Tattvamasi
 C) Prajñānam Brahma D) Aham Brahmāsmi

42. The author of 'Contingency, Irony and Solidarity' is:
 A) Jean-Francois Lyotard B) Michel Foucault
 C) Richard Rorty D) Jean Baudrillard
43. If the major term of a categorical syllogism is distributed in the conclusion without distributing in the major premise, it commits the fallacy of
 A) Incomplete major B) Ambiguous major
 C) Illicit major D) None of these
44. Who ascribed to God the status 'thought-thinking-thought'?
 A) Plato B) Aristotle
 C) St. Thomas Aquinas D) John Duns Scotus
45. Who is the author of 'The German Ideology'?
 A) G.W.F. Hegel B) Immanuel Kant
 C) Martin Heidegger D) Karl Marx
46. Match the following:
 a. Sāmkhya 1. Monism
 b. Nyāya 2. Realistic relativistic pluralism
 c. Jainism 3. Dualism
 d. Advaita Vedānta 4. Realistic pluralism
 A) a-3, b-4, c-2, d-1 B) a-2, b-3, c-1, d-2
 C) a-1, b-2, c-3, d-4 D) a-4, b-3, c-2, d-1
47. Identify the correct sequence in which evolution occurs as described by Sri Aurobindo
 A) Mind, Illumined Mind, Higher Mind, Intuitive mind, Overmind, Supermind
 B) Mind, Intuitive mind, Higher Mind, Overmind, Illumined Mind, Supermind
 C) Mind, Higher Mind, Illumined Mind, Intuitive mind, Overmind, Supermind
 D) Mind, Intuitive mind, Overmind, Illumined Mind, Higher Mind, Supermind
48. Identify the correct order of the five members of the Nyaya syllogism
 A) Pratijñā, Udāharana, Hetu, Upanaya, Nigamana
 B) Pratijñā, Nigamana, Hetu, Upanaya, Udāharana
 C) Pratijñā, Hetu, Upanaya, Udāharana, Nigamana
 D) Pratijñā, Hetu, Udāharana, Upanaya, Nigamana
49. Match for the following:
 a. Advaita 1. Asadkaranavāda
 b. Nyāya 2. Satkāryavāda
 c. Sāmkhya 3. Asatkāryavāda
 d. Buddhism 4. Sadkaranavāda
 A) a-3, b-1, c-2, d-4 B) a-4, b-3, c-2, d-1
 C) a-2, b-4, c-1, d-3 D) a-1, b-2, c-3, d-4

50. Find out the wrong pair:
 A) Mantrās – Hymns
 B) Brahmanās – Instructions for sacrifices
 C) Āranyakās – Forest Treatises
 D) Upanisads – Ritualism
51. The Nations that have legalized Voluntary Euthanasia are:
 A) USA, UK and Switzerland
 B) Switzerland, Germany and Spain
 C) Belgium, Luxembourg and Netherlands
 D) USA, Germany and France
52. The leader of the Chipko movement:
 A) Vandana Shiva B) Baba Amte
 C) Medha Patkar D) Sunderlal Bahuguna
53. Which principle of medical ethics is usually referred to as the ‘ethics of trust’?
 A) Paternalism B) Informed Consent
 C) Confidentiality D) Autonomy
54. ‘I will prescribe regimens for the good of my patients according to my ability and my judgment and never do harm to anyone.’ Which principles of medical ethics are referred to here?
 A) Truth telling and Confidentiality
 B) Beneficence and Non-malificence
 C) Autonomy and Justice
 D) Paternalism and Informed consent
55. Who coined the word ‘Medical Ethics’?
 A) Peter Singer B) Hippocrates
 C) Thomas Percival D) Van Rensselaer Potter
56. The fundamental paradox of hedonism articulated as ‘the more we seek pleasure, the lesser we get it’ was pointed out by:
 A) Henry Sidgwick B) George Bentham
 C) J.S. Mill D) G.W.F. Hegel
57. Who among the following is NOT a proponent of Deontological Ethics?
 A) Immanuel Kant B) W.D. Ross
 C) C.D. Broad D) J.S. Mill
58. The author of the ‘*Silent Spring*’ is:
 A) Arne Naess B) Aldo Leopold
 C) Rachel Carson D) Warwick Fox

59. The author of the work '*The Postmodern Condition*' is:
 A) Jacques Derrida B) Michel Foucault
 C) Richard Rorty D) Jean Francois Lyotard
60. The point of intersection between two worlds inside man, that of spirit and that of nature, that of God and that of animal, is
 A) Joy B) Dread C) Guilt D) Gloom
61. The primary relationship of Dasien to the world is one of practical, personal involvement called:
 A) Being-unto-death B) Being-with-others
 C) Care (Sorge) D) Being thus (Sosien)
62. The author of '*Being and Time*' is:
 A) Martin Heidegger B) Hans George Gadamer
 C) Frederick Nietzsche D) Plato
63. The suspension of the natural attitude which includes all assumptions about existence and causality which occur in the natural, scientific and common-sense explanation of events in the physical world, is called:
 A) Ideation B) Suspension of Disbelief
 C) Intuition D) Epoche
64. 'History can be reconstructed as a dialectical progression of structures of consciousness or 'spirit' embodied in particular historical societies' was the view held by:
 A) Karl Marx B) Lousie Althusser
 C) G.W.F. Hegel D) Ludwig Feuerbach
65. 'Transcendental Idealism' is the philosophical standpoint of
 A) Immanuel Kant B) G.W.F. Hegel
 C) Plato D) T.H. Green
66. The only Anastikaya dravya according to Jainism is:
 A) Akasa B) Pudgala C) Dharma D) Kala
67. 'The notion of causation was born out of a psychological association of two successive independent events' was the theory held by:
 A) John Locke B) George Berkeley
 C) David Hume D) Rene Descartes
68. The existence of a world independent of the perceiving mind is asserted by
 A) Idealism B) Realism C) Solipsism D) Nihilism

69. State True or False
1. The ontology of Māya is sadasadvilaksana
 2. Advaita advocates Brahma parinamavada
 3. Āvarana and Viksepa are the powers of Maya
 4. Advaita accepts the theory of Satta traya
- A) 1, 2, 3 are true but 4 is false
 B) 1 and 4 are true but 2 and 3 are false
 C) 1, 3 and 4 are true but 2 is false
 D) 1, 2 and 4 are true but 3 is false
70. Find out the wrong pair
- | | |
|-----------------------|---|
| A) Locke – Empiricism | B) Kant – Copernican revolution in philosophy |
| C) Hume – Idealism | D) Berkeley – Esse est Percipii |
71. Match the following:
- | | |
|--------------------|----------------------|
| a. Jainism | 1. Pratityasamutpāda |
| b. Buddhism | 2. Syādvada |
| c. Dvaita Vedānta | 3. Satta traya |
| d. Advaita Vedānta | 4. Pancabhedas |
- A) a-2, b-3, c-4, d-1
 B) a-1, b-2, c-3, d-4
 C) a-4, b-3, c-2, d-1
 D) a-2, b-1, c-4, d-3
72. Match the following:
- | | |
|---------------|---------------------|
| a. Thales | 1. Number mysticism |
| b. Protagoras | 2. Homo mensura |
| c. Empedocles | 3. Water |
| d. Pythagoras | 4. Atomism |
- A) a-1, b-2, c-3, d-4
 B) a-4, b-3, c-2, d-1
 C) a-2, b-4, c-1, d-3
 D) a-3, b-2, c-4, d-1
73. Identify the incorrect pair
- | | | |
|------------------------|---|--------------------------|
| A) Bertrand Russell | – | Theory of descriptions |
| B) Ludwig Wittgenstein | – | Theory of Language games |
| C) Logical Positivism | – | Picture Theory |
| D) Gottlob Frege | – | Sense and Reference |
74. Match the following:
- | | |
|--|--------------------|
| a. Contradictory statement form | 1. $p \vee \sim p$ |
| b. Contingent statement form | 2. $p \supset q$ |
| c. Tautologous statement form | 3. $p \sim p$ |
| d. Material implication statement form | 4. $p.q$ |
- A) a-1, b-2, c-3, d-4
 B) a-3, b-4, c-1, d-2
 C) a-3, b-1, c-4, d-2
 D) a-4, b-3, c-2, d-1

75. Match the following:
- | | | |
|--|----|--------------|
| a. Demarcation between science and non-science | 1. | Gilbert Ryle |
| b. Speech act theory | 2. | Thomas Kuhn |
| c. Incommensurability thesis | 3. | J. L. Austin |
| d. Category Mistake | 4. | Karl Popper |
- A) a-3, b-4, c-1, d-2 B) a-2, b-1, c-4, d-3
 C) a-4, b-3, c-2, d-1 D) a-4, b-2, c-3, d-1
76. The lecture 'The Role of the University in the New Reich' was delivered by:
- A) Edmund Husserl B) Frederick Nietzsche
 C) Martin Heidegger D) Hans George Gadamer
77. The second-order activity of investigating the concepts and methods of ethics, rather than directly engaging with practical issues of what to do and how to behave, is called:
- A) Ethical Formalism B) Theoretical ethics
 C) Metaethics D) Ethical relativism
78. Which ethical theory was first presented in the book '*The Meaning of Meaning*'?
- A) Emotivism B) Prescriptivism
 C) Descriptivism D) Ethical Skepticism
79. The author of 'Ethics and Language' is:
- A) Alasdair Macintyre B) R. M. Hare
 C) C.L. Stevenson D) A. J. Ayer
80. "Consider what effects that might conceivably have practical bearings, we conceive the object of our conception to have. Then, our conception of these effects is the whole of our conception of the object". These are the words of:
- A) William James B) John Dewey
 C) C. I. Lewis D) C. S. Peirce
81. Who is the author of '*The Logical Syntax of Language*'?
- A) Rudolf Carnap B) Moritz Schilk
 C) A J Ayer D) Ludwig Wittgenstein
82. 'Dissertation on the Passions' is the work of:
- A) John Locke B) Thomas Hobbes
 C) George Berkeley D) David Hume
83. Who among the following replaced the static conception of Nature by the dynamic or the energetic view?
- A) Rene Descartes B) G. W. Leibniz
 C) Christian Wolff D) Benedict de Spinoza

84. Consecration, Concentration and Surrender are the three stages of:
 A) Supramentalization B) Psychicization
 C) Spiritualization D) Evolution
85. Which work of Soren Kierkegaard is regarded as his magnum opus?
 A) *Fear and Trembling* B) *Philosophical Fragments*
 C) *Either/Or* D) *Stages on Life's Way*
86. Which among the following is Husserl's unfinished work?
 A) *The Crisis of the European Sciences*
 B) *Cartesian Meditations*
 C) *Logical Investigations*
 D) *Experience and Judgment*
87. What was the term coined by Karl Popper to describe his philosophy?
 A) Verificationism B) Falsificationism
 C) Critical Theory D) Critical Rationalism
88. The statement "A given argument is valid as a sequence of statements each of which is either a premises of that argument or follows from preceding statements of the sequence by an elementary valid argument, such that the last statement in the sequence is the conclusion of the argument whose validity is proved" defines:
 A) Conditional Proof B) Indirect Proof
 C) Formal Proof of Validity D) Truth table technique
89. The contra positive of the proposition 'Some noncitizens are not nonresidents' is:
 A) Some residents are not citizens
 B) Some residents are citizens
 C) Some citizens are residents
 D) Some noncitizens are residents
90. An unscientific Induction based on points of resemblances are commonly referred as
 A) Unsound reasoning B) Inductive reasoning
 C) Analogical reasoning D) Ambiguous reasoning
91. The theory that there are certain theoretical and conceptual opposites, often arranged in a hierarchy, which human logic has given to text, is called:
 A) The theory of presuppositions
 B) The theory of assumptions
 C) The theory of contradictions
 D) The theory of binary opposition
92. Which among the following is not a niyama according to Patanjali?
 A) Sauca B) Tapas
 C) Asteya D) Svadhyāya

93. Which among the following is not a work of Roland Barthes?
 A) Elements of Semiology B) Serendipities: Language and Lunacy
 C) Mythologies D) Criticism and Truth
94. The possibility that one may give up ownership of one's labor, i.e., one's capacity to transform the world, is tantamount to being alienated from one's own nature and this is thus a spiritual loss, is called by Marx as:
 A) Alienation B) Commodity fetishism
 C) Subjugation D) Periodic crisis
95. The view that environmental problems are to be solved using science and technology is called:
 A) Earth Liberation B) Techno environmentalism
 C) Biomechanism D) Technocentrism
96. The view that all living beings deserve respect and have an equal right to live and blossom, is called:
 A) Deep ecology B) Biocentrism
 C) Biospherical egalitarianism D) Geological egalitarianism
97. The view that whenever we decide what to do, we should perform the action that will create the greatest net utility, is called:
 A) Act utilitarianism B) Rule utilitarianism
 C) Altruism D) Decision utilitarianism
98. '*Athatho Brahma Jigñāsa*' is the first sutra of:
 A) Mimamsa sūtrās B) Nyāya sūtrās
 C) Yoga sūtrās D) Brahma sūtrās
99. The relationship of 'aprtaksiddhi' is mentioned in which of the following schools?
 A) Sāmkhya B) Advaita Vedānta
 C) Visistādvaita Vedānta D) Mimāmsa
100. Which Buddhist theory is demonstrated in the text 'Milinda Panha', in the form of a dialogue between King Milinda (Menander) and Nagasena?
 A) Ksanikavāda B) Nairātmyavāda
 C) Pratityasamutpāda D) Nirvāna
101. *Slokavarthika* was composed by:
 A) Kumarila Bhatta B) Prabhakara
 C) Jaimini D) Murari Mishra
102. 'Samjña samjñi sambanda jñanam' is:
 A) Pratyaksha B) Anumiti C) Upamiti D) Sabda

111. Pick the text which was not composed by Sri Narayana Guru:
 A) Darsanamala B) Advaita Deepika
 C) Manisha Pancakam D) Municarya Pancakam
112. Which among the following is an evil custom that was stopped as a result of the efforts of Sri Narayana Guru?
 A) Madey Snana B) Garudan Thookam
 C) Theemithi D) Thirandukuli
113. Pick the text that was not composed by Chattampi Swamikal:
 A) Prachina Malayalam B) Prapancha Srishti
 C) Keralathile Desa Namangal D) Nijananda Vilasom
114. Salokya, Sarupya, Samipya and Sayujya as four attainments of the devotee after death was described by:
 A) Ramanujacarya B) Sankaracarya
 C) Vallabhacarya D) Madhvacarya
115. 'Adhyāso nāma atasmin tad buddhih' was the definition of illusion given by:
 A) Gautama B) Sankaracarya
 C) Prabhakara D) Kumarila Bhatta
116. *Jñāna laksana pratyasatti* as a mode of perception was given by:
 A) Nyāya B) Sāmkhya
 C) Buddhism D) Advaita Vedanta
117. *Upastha* is one of the:
 A) Karmendriyas B) Jnanendriyas
 C) Tanmatras D) Mahabhutas
118. Which among the following is not a kind of relational absence?
 A) Prāgabhāva B) Pradhvamsabhāva
 C) Anyonyābhāva D) Atyānthabhāva
119. The doctrine that cognition has three factors and that every act of cognition simultaneously reveals all the three (*triputijana*) was propounded by:
 A) Kumarila Bhatta B) Prabhakara
 C) Isvarakrishna D) Annambhatta
120. The magnum opus of Gangeshopadyaya that is regarded as the most important work of the Navya-Nyaya school is:
 A) Karikavali B) Tarkasangraha
 C) Tattvacintamani D) Khandana khanda khadya