

1. Which specific feature is associated with the eclectic nature of anthropology?
A) Ethnographic studies
B) Accepting various views from other disciplines
C) Rejecting other disciplines
D) Empirical studies
2. The multi-faceted approach to the study of human culture and society is known as
A) Holistic study
B) Indepth study
C) Analytical study
D) Comparative study
3. Who is the father of ethnography?
A) E.B. Tylor
B) B. Malinowski
C) Franz Boas
D) A.R. Radcliffe Brown
4. The ethnographic realism and salvage ethnography are questioned and criticised by:
A) Chomsky N.
B) Clifford G.
C) Chambers E.
D) Collier J.F.
5. The concept of explicit and implicit culture was introduced by:
A) E. B. Tylor
B) Clyde Kluckhohn
C) Ralph Linton
D) Morris Opler
6. The study and analysis of how languages change over a period of time and how they are related is known as:
A) Sociolinguistics
B) Descriptive linguistics
C) Structural linguistics
D) Historical linguistics
7. Nutrition, Protection and Reproduction are the determinants of social organisation according to:
A) Leslie A. White
B) Julian H. Steward
C) Clark Wissler
D) Alfred Louis Kroeber
8. Who among the following is defined culture as ideas based on cultural learning and symbols?
A) Clifford Geertz
B) Marvin Harris
C) Julian Steward
D) Roger M. Keesing
9. The tendency to apply one's own cultural values in judging the behaviour and beliefs of people raised in other culture is known as:
A) Cultural Relativism
B) Ethnocentrism
C) Enculturation
D) Acculturation
10. Little and Great traditions were proposed by:
A) Surajit Sinha
B) L.P. Vidyarthi
C) McKim Marriot
D) Robert Redfield

11. A man obliged to marry his brother's widow is known as
 A) Sororate B) Levirate
 C) Both Sororate and Levirate D) None of these
12. The husbands of a woman are brothers in
 A) Fraternal polyandry
 B) Nonfraternal Polyandry
 C) In fraternal and Nonfraternal Polyandry
 D) None of these
13. Find out the correct answer sequences for the descriptions provided from 1 to 4:
 1. The son stays and the daughter leaves and so that the married couple lives with or near the husband's parents.
 2. Either the son or the daughter leaves and so that the married couple lives with or near either the wife's or the husband's parents.
 3. The daughter stays and the son leaves and so that the married couple lives with or near the wife's parents.
 4. Both son and daughter normally leave, but the son and his wife settle with or near his mother's brother.

 A) Patrilocal – Matrilocl – Bilocal – Avunculocal
 B) Patrilocal – Bilocal – Matrilocl – Avunculocal
 C) Matrilocl- Bilocal – Avunculocal – Patrilocal
 D) Bilocal – Patrilocal – Avunculocal – Matrilocl
14. The Iroquois system of kinship terminology was identified by:
 A) G.P. Murdock B) W.H.R. Rivers
 C) L.H. Morgan D) Leslie A. White
15. The analogy of organism to construe social structure was put forward by:
 A) B. Malinowski B) Radcliffe Brown
 C) Raymond Firth D) Claude Levi Strauss
16. Omaha system of kinship terminology is based on:
 A) With patrilineal descent B) With matrilineal descent
 C) With bilateral kindred D) With unilineal descent
17. Most of the Chiefdoms are characterised by:
 A) Less populated
 B) Densely populated
 C) Both less populated and densely populated
 D) None of the above
18. The term nomadic community is derived from:
 A) Hunting gathering communities
 B) Fishing communities
 C) Pastoral communities
 D) Shifting cultivation communities

19. Transhumance is known as:
 A) Nomadic movement of communities
 B) Regular cyclic movement of nomadic communities
 C) Irregular movement of nomadic communities
 D) Occasional movement of nomadic communities
20. The first full-length study of a peasant community using modern anthropological research methods was conducted by:
 A) Raymond Firth B) Robert Redfield
 C) Raymond Dart D) Robert Lynton
21. The book entitled 'The Origin of Species', written by Charles Darwin, was published in:
 A) 1869 B) 1859 C) 1879 D) 1889
22. A change in the molecular structure or DNA code of a gene is called:
 A) Mitosis B) Meiosis
 C) Mutation D) Cell division
23. Which among the following is the correct answer for Orthogenesis?
 A) Successive members of an evolutionary series become increasingly modified in a single undeviating direction
 B) Successive members of an evolutionary series become not increasingly modified in a single undeviating direction
 C) Successive members of an evolutionary series become modified in multiple direction
 D) Successive members of an evolutionary series become modified in single deviating direction
24. The presence of epicanthic fold is considered as a racial feature of ----.
 A) Dravidian B) Aryan
 C) Proto Australoid D) Mongoloid
25. Who discovered Australopithecus?
 A) Raymond A. Dart B) Robert M. Yerkes
 C) Adolph Schultz D) Earnest Hooton
26. Who discovered Homo habilis from Olduvai Gorge?
 A) Louis Leakey B) Clark Howell
 C) Kelley E.A. D) A. Montagu
27. The ABO blood system was identified by:
 A) Charles Darwin B) Karl Landsteiner
 C) Gregor Mendel D) Lamark
28. The Rh system of blood was developed in ----.
 A) 1910 B) 1920 C) 1930 D) 1940
29. In which among the following period the Anthropoids originated?
 A) Pliocene B) Miocene C) Oligocene D) Eocene

30. The study of ancient humans come under:
- A) Primatology B) Paleoanthropology
 C) Physical Anthropology D) Palaeontology
31. Match the following:
- | | |
|--|--|
| <p><u>List I</u></p> <p>1. Palaeolithic
 2. Neolithic
 3. Copper Age
 4. Early Bronze Age</p> | <p><u>List II</u></p> <p>a. Savegery
 b. Higher Barbarism
 c. Babarism
 d. Civilization</p> |
| A) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b, 4-d | B) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c, 4-d |
| C) 1-b, 2-c, 3-d, 4-a | D) 1-a, 2-b, 3-d, 4-c |
32. The average cranial capacity of human is -----.
- A) 1025 cm³ B) 1925 cm³ C) 935 cm³ D) 1325 cm³
33. Java Man belongs to the genus and species:
- A) Homo erectus B) Homo habilis
 C) Homo sapiens D) None of the above
34. The bones Radius and Ulna are located on:
- A) Fore arm B) Upper arm C) Lower limbs D) Upper limbs
35. In a cell, which among the following component is responsible for the production of energy?
- A) Cytoplasm B) Cell membrane
 C) Nucleus D) Mitochondria
36. Read the following statements and choose the correct options.
1. The movement of genes from one population to another is called gene flow.
 2. The random factor in evolution is called genetic drift.
- A) 1 and 2 are correct.
 B) 1 and 2 are incorrect.
 C) 1 is correct and 2 is incorrect.
 D) 1 is incorrect and 2 is correct.
37. Match the following:
- | | |
|---|---|
| <p><u>List I</u></p> <p>1. Claude Levi Strauss
 2. B. Malinowski
 3. A R Radcliffe Brown
 4. Raymond Firth</p> | <p><u>List II</u></p> <p>a. Primitive Polynesian Economy
 b. The Social organization of Australian Tribes
 c. Crime and custom in savage society
 d. Savage Mind</p> |
| A) 1-c, 2-d, 3-a, 4-b | B) 1-c, 2-d, 3-b, 4-a |
| C) 1-d, 2-c, 3-b, 4-a | D) 1-b, 2-d, 3-c, 4-a |
38. Anatomically, the modern forms of Homo sapiens were first evolved in:
- A) Asia B) Africa C) Europe D) America

39. The theory of inheritance of acquired characteristics was proposed by:
A) Charles Darwin B) Charles Lyell
C) Lamarck D) Thomas Malthus
40. Binomial nomenclature was introduced by:
A) Erasmus Darwin B) Carolus Linnaeus
C) Comte de Buffon D) John Ray
41. The concepts of Ethos and Eidos of culture was proposed by:
A) Robert Redfield B) A.L. Kroeber
C) Morris Opler D) Ralph Linton
42. An example for Religion Theory of civilization's emergence:
A) Tikal B) Mesopotamia
C) Egypt D) Harappa
43. The theory, Tribe-Caste Continuum was proposed by:
A) L.P. Vidyarthi B) McKim Marriot
C) Surajit Sinha D) M.N. Srinivas
44. The Sadhu Jana Paripalana Sangham was founded for the social and economic advancement of the Pulayas in:
A) 1903 B) 1907 C) 1914 D) 1915
45. The dance form Kuchupudi originated in ----.
A) Kerala B) Andhra Pradesh
C) Karnataka D) Tamil Nadu
46. Which among the following is the numerically dominant tribal group of Kerala?
A) Kurichiyas B) Muthuvan C) Paniyas D) Mannan
47. Which among the following is not a Particularly Vulnerable Tribal Group (PVTG) of Kerala?
A) Koragas B) Cholanaickan
C) Kattunaickan D) Irulas
48. Match the following:
- | <u>List I</u> | <u>List II</u> |
|---------------|--------------------|
| 1. Kwakitul | a. Evans Pritchard |
| 2. Samoa | b. W H R Rivers |
| 3. Papuans | c. Franz Boas |
| 4. Nuer | d. Margaret Mead |
- A) 1-c, 2-d, 3-b, 4-a B) 1-a, 2-d, 3-c, 4-b
C) 1-b, 2-a, 3-d, 4-c D) 1-d, 2-b, 3-a, 4-c
49. The theory of Sanskritisation was developed through the book:
A) Social Change in Modern India
B) Remembered Village
C) Religion and Society among the Coorgs of South India
D) The Dominant Caste and Other Essays

50. Read the following statements and choose the correct options.
1. The process of modernisation is considered as an antonym of tradition.
 2. Modernisation has not been conceived as a transition from the pre-industrial to the industrial social system.
- A) 1 and 2 are correct.
B) 1 and 2 are incorrect.
C) 1 is correct and 2 is incorrect.
D) 1 is incorrect and 2 is correct.
51. The evolution of family through 15 stages were proposed by
- A) Marvin Harris B) L.H. Morgan
C) W.H.R. Rivers D) George Murdock
52. Read the following statements and choose the correct options.
1. The downward devolution of great tradition to little tradition is Parochialisation
 2. The upward movement of little tradition to great tradition is not Pariacholisation
- A) 1 and 2 are correct.
B) 1 and 2 are incorrect.
C) 1 is correct and 2 is incorrect.
D) 1 is incorrect and 2 is correct.
53. Find out the correct sequence of Folk -Urban Continuum:
- A) Merida–Tusik – Dzitas – Chan Kom
B) Merida – Chan Kom – Dzitas – Tusik
C) Merida – Dzitas – Tusik – Chan Kom
D) Merida– Dzitas – Chan Kom – Tusik
54. Non Formal Education has become a full-fledged scheme of education since:
- A) National Policy on Education (1968)
B) National Policy on Education (1986)
C) National Policy on Education (1992)
D) National Policy on Education (2016)
55. How many scheduled languages are there in India?
- A) 20 B) 22 C) 18 D) 24
56. L.P. Vidyarthi introduced the concept Nature-Man- Spirit Complex based on his study on:
- A) Melar B) Santhal C) Ghonds D) Mundas
57. In Kerala, the Police firing on Muthanga tribal agitation occurred in-----.
- A) 1991 B) 1996 C) 2003 D) 2006
58. The process of uniting the sub-castes of a major caste is known as:
- A) Caste Fission B) Caste Mobility
C) Caste Fusion D) Intermixing of castes
59. Indo-European family of language belongs to-----.
- A) Austro-Asiatic B) Aryan
C) Dravidian D) Semito-Hamitic

60. As far as the village studies in India are concerned, the “Formulatory phase of village studies” is marked with the publication of:
 A) Ananda Krishna Iyer B) A. Aiyappan
 C) Sir. Henry Sumnar Maine D) Edgar Thurston
61. The functional approach to the study of culture of a given time is referred to as:
 A) Diachronic study
 B) Synchronic study
 C) Both diachronic and synchronic study
 D) None of the above
62. Match the following:
- | <u>List I</u> | <u>List II</u> |
|-------------------------|--|
| 1. Egyptologist | a. Structuralism |
| 2. Cultural Materialism | b. American Distributionism |
| 3. Cultural Core | c. Infrastructure, Structure, Superstructure |
| 4. Binary oppositions | d. British Diffusionism |
- A) 1-d, 2-c, 3-b, 4-a B) 1-b, 2-c, 3-d, 4-a
 C) 1-d, 2-b, 3-a, 4-c D) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b, 4-d
63. Who among the following introduced Genealogical method?
 A) G.E. Smith B) W.J. Perry C) L.A. White D) W.H.R. Rivers
64. The terms emic and etic were coined by:
 A) Franz Boas B) Kenneth Pike
 C) Edward Sapir D) Marvin Harris
65. Who among the following is widely credited for developing participant observation as a serious method of social research?
 A) Malinowski B) Radcliffe Brown
 C) Raymond Firth D) Goldberg
66. Who among the following is the advocate of Participatory Rural Appraisal (PRA)?
 A) James Blair B) Robert Chambers
 C) Clifford Geertz D) Leslie A. White
67. The systematic study of semantic domain is called:
 A) Componential analysis B) Comparative analysis
 C) Systematic analysis D) Semantic analysis
68. The discovery of the meaning of texts through constant interpretation and reinterpretation is -----.
 A) Phenomenology
 B) Hermeneutics
 C) Both Hermeneutics and Phenomenology
 D) None of these

69. Read the following statements and choose the correct options.
1. Validity refers to the accuracy of data and findings in a research.
 2. Reliability refers to the variations in accuracy of a research.
- A) 1 and 2 are correct.
 - B) 1 and 2 are incorrect.
 - C) 1 is correct and 2 is incorrect.
 - D) 1 is incorrect and 2 is correct.
70. The method used by Ruth Benedict to study the Japanese culture:
- A) Participant Observation
 - B) Study of culture at a distance
 - C) Intensive fieldwork
 - D) Use of questionnaires
71. Why is the literature review essential for a research?
- A) It helps to give a research problem
 - B) It analyses a research area
 - C) It helps to identify gaps in research
 - D) It analyses various literature
72. What is Haphazard Sampling?
- A) Convenience Sampling
 - B) Purposive Sampling
 - C) Quota Sampling
 - D) Stratified Random Sampling
73. Who among the following was called as an arm chair scholar?
- A) J.J. Bachofen
 - B) James Frazer
 - C) R.R. Marret
 - D) Henry Maine
74. The content analysis method was used by:
- A) Margaret Mead
 - B) B. Malinowski
 - C) Ruth Benedict
 - D) Robert Redfield
75. The Kula system was studied in detail by:
- A) Radcliffe Brown
 - B) C.G. Seligman
 - C) W.H.R. Rivers
 - D) B. Malinowski
76. The book 'Structure and Function in Primitive Society' was written by:
- A) Radcliffe Brown
 - B) B. Malinowski
 - C) Robert Redfield
 - D) Raymond Firth
77. The relevance of myth and its analysis was extensively done by:
- A) James Frazer
 - B) Margaret Mead
 - C) Franz Boas
 - D) Claude Levi Strauss
78. Trait list approach was used during ----,
- A) Cultural Evolution
 - B) Cultural Diffusion
 - C) Cultural Change
 - D) Cultural Materialism
79. The cultural theory and psychological theory are used in ---- concept to explain how human beings embody the culture.
- A) Patterns of culture
 - B) National Character
 - C) Cultural Character
 - D) Model Personality

80. Match the following:

List I

1. Jarawas
2. Kadars
3. Oraon
4. Chenchus

List II

- a. Andhra Pradesh
- b. Jharkhand
- c. Kerala
- d. Andaman Islands

- A) 1-d, 2-b, 3-c, 4-a B) 1-d, 2-a, 3-c, 4-b
C) 1-d, 2-c, 3-a, 4-b D) 1-d, 2-c, 3-b, 4-a

81. People encounter the environment with their cultures and wherein the environment is passive in shaping cultures, which is theorized as:

- A) Environmental Determinism
- B) Cultural Ecology
- C) Environmental Possibilism
- D) Ethnoecology

82. Read the following statements and choose the correct options:

1. Biological anthropology is a scientific discipline related to the biological aspects of human beings, their extinct hominid ancestors particularly from an evolutionary perspective.
2. Biological anthropology does not focus on non-human primates.

- A) 1 and 2 are correct
- B) 1 and 2 are incorrect
- C) 1 is correct and 2 is incorrect
- D) 1 is incorrect and 2 is correct

83. The concept of culture area is associated with:

- A) British Diffusion B) German Diffusion
- C) Continental Diffusion D) American Diffusion

84. The Age and Area concept was proposed by:

- A) A.L. Kroeber B) Clark Wissler
- C) Julian Steward D) Fritz Graebner

85. The book entitled 'A Scientific Theory of Culture' was written by:

- A) A.R. Radcliffe Brown B) A.L. Kroeber
- C) Ruth Benedict D) B. Malinowski

86. The ethical standpoint of Cultural Relativism was proposed by:

- A) Franz Boas B) Ruth Benedict
- C) Margaret Mead D) A.L. Kroeber

87. The first full-length study on a peasant community using modern anthropological research was carried out by:

- A) Surajit Sinha B) L.P. Vidyarthi
- C) McKim Marriott D) Robert Redfield

88. The book 'The Golden Bough' was written by:
 A) James Frazer B) Karl Bucher
 C) Seligman D) David Masson
89. The concept of survival was introduced by:
 A) A.L. Kroeber B) Marvin Harris
 C) Herbert Spencer D) L.H. Morgan
90. The two theoretical models, the actual social structure and the general social structure were proposed by:
 A) Claude Levi Strauss B) A.R. Radcliffe Brown
 C) Evans-Pritchard D) Alfred Louis Kroeber
91. The Apollonian and Dionysian view on culture was applied by:
 A) Ruth Benedict B) Margaret Mead
 C) Franz Boas D) Clark Wissler
92. The book 'The Sex and Temperament in Three Primitive Societies' was written by:
 A) Ralph Linton B) Cora-Du-Bois
 C) A. Kardiner D) Margaret Mead
93. A distinct method that aims to understand how members of other cultures perceive and interact with their own filter of cognition:
 A) Ethnography B) Ethnology
 C) New Ethnography D) None of the above
94. Who among the following is known as an Egyptologist?
 A) William James Perry B) Grafton Elliot Smith
 C) Friedrich Ratzel D) Fritz Graebner
95. Binary opposition is related to
 A) Structuralism B) Post Structuralism
 C) Ethnoscience D) New Ethnography
96. The archaeological periods are correlated with the cultural development in demonstrating the cultural evolution in a new pattern by
 A) Julian H. Steward B) V. Gordon Childe
 C) Franz Boas D) Melville J. Herskovits
97. Author of the book 'Development Anthropology':
 A) Jean Pierric Oliver de Sardan
 B) Riall W. Nolan
 C) David Lewis and Kathy Gardner
 D) Arturo Escobar

98. Read the following statements and choose the correct options.
1. The inclusion of disadvantaged and marginalized groups has been a central element throughout the history of anthropological approaches to development.
 2. The above focus of Development anthropology is shared with other fields such as gender studies and political economy, where researchers also noted that large, institutionally-driven development initiatives were controlled by elites and did not trickle down to reach those on the margins.
- A) 1 and 2 are correct.
 - B) 1 and 2 are incorrect.
 - C) 1 is correct and 2 is incorrect.
 - D) 1 is incorrect and 2 is correct.
99. Who among the following is best known for developing a form of semiotic analysis known as deconstruction?
- A) Carl Jung
 - B) Michael Foucault
 - C) Clifford Geertz
 - D) Jacques Derrida
100. What is the meaning of dogmatic principles of classical evolutionists?
- A) Continuous progression
 - B) Step by step progression
 - C) Both continuous and step by step progression
 - D) None of the above
101. The term 'cultural ecology' was coined by:
- A) Clark Wissler
 - B) Roy A. Rappaport
 - C) Julian Steward
 - D) Andrew P. Vayda
102. In terms of the Ecological Anthropological theory, the environment is active in shaping cultures and it is referred to as:
- A) Environmental possibilism
 - B) Environmental determinism
 - C) Ecosystem
 - D) Ecological Niche
103. The cross-cultural study of how people perceive and manipulates their environment come under:
- A) Ethno ecology
 - B) Cultural ecology
 - C) Population ecology
 - D) Systems ecology
104. The co-existence of different medical practices within a society is called:
- A) Medical Anthropology
 - B) Ethno medicine
 - C) Medical pluralism
 - D) Different medical systems
105. Malinowski turned into an anthropologist as he became inspired by reading the literature of:
- A) E. B. Tylor
 - B) James Frazer
 - C) L.H. Morgan
 - D) W.H.R. Rivers
106. Epidemiology is an area of:
- A) Forensic anthropology
 - B) Cultural anthropology
 - C) Biological anthropology
 - D) Medical anthropology

107. Read the following statements and choose the correct options
1. Medical anthropologists examine how the health of individuals, larger social formations, and the environment are affected by interrelationships between humans and other species
 2. Medical anthropologists do not examine the cultural norms and social institutions.
- A) 1 and 2 are correct.
 B) 1 and 2 are incorrect.
 C) 1 is correct and 2 is incorrect.
 D) 1 is incorrect and 2 is correct.
108. The sub-discipline economic anthropology was well developed with the studies of:
- A) A.R. Radcliffe Brown B) Karl Marx
 C) Melville J. Herskovits D) B. Malinowski
109. The opposition between substantivist and formalist economic models was first proposed by:
- A) B. Malinowski B) Karl Polanyi
 C) M.J. Herskovits D) Paul Bohannan
110. The tribe permitted for hunting in India even today:
- A) Kadars B) Yanadi C) Jarawas D) Khonds
111. Among which of the following tribe, the female infanticide were practised?
- A) Irula B) Badaga C) Kota D) Toda
112. What is Swidden cultivation?
- A) Terrace cultivation B) Slash and burn cultivation
 C) Settled cultivation D) Occasional cultivation
113. Which among the following tribal community is well known for their agricultural practise?
- A) Paniyas B) Cholanaickans
 C) Kurumbas D) Kurichiyas
114. The book 'The Division of Labour in a Society' was written by:
- A) E. Durkheim B) H. Spencer C) A. Smith D) M. Mead
115. The concept culture climax was proposed by:
- A) Clark Wissler B) A.L. Kroeber
 C) Andrew P. Vaidya D) Leslie A. White
116. Which among the following is considered as the earliest stages of human cultural evolution?
- A) Fishing B) Herding C) Hunting D) Cultivating
117. The pastoral community Nuer was studied by:
- A) Margaret Mead B) Evans Pritchard
 C) Beals and Hoijer D) Leslie A. White

118. The technology involved in exploiting the environment and the behavioural pattern involved in exploiting environment is related to:
- A) Ecological Niche B) System ecology
C) Cultural ecology D) Population ecology
119. The first extended application of the concept of Gift Exchange was made in anthropology by:
- A) B. Malinowski B) Marcel Mauss
C) Raymond Firth D) Emile Durkheim
120. The Jajmani system of Rampur village in Delhi was studied by:
- A) Oscar Lewis B) N.S. Reddy
C) William Wiser D) S.C. Dube
-